



Radnor House  
— TWICKENHAM —

Curriculum Policy

Radnor House Prep School

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# Curriculum Policy

This policy should be read in conjunction with the Teaching and Learning Policy, EYFS Policy and the Ethos and Aims Policy of the school. Subject policies contain more detailed information about specific subjects.

## Introduction

1. This policy describes the framework for the academic curriculum and constitutes the first point of reference for all academic subject policies.

## Regulatory Context

2. This policy has due regard to the requirements of the Schedule to the Education (Independent School Standards) Regulations 2014:
  - a. The written policy, plans and schemes of work take into account the ages, aptitudes and needs of all pupils, including any pupils with an EHC plan
  - b. these do not undermine the fundamental British values of democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty, and mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs
  - c. full-time supervised education for pupils of compulsory school age (construed in accordance with section 8 of the Education Act 1996), which gives pupils experience in linguistic, mathematical, scientific, technological, human and social, physical, and aesthetic and creative education
  - d. the acquisition of speaking, listening, literacy and numeracy skills
  - e. personal, social, health and economic education which reflects the school's aim and ethos and encourages respect for other people, paying particular regard to the protected characteristics set out in the Equality Act 2010
  - f. where the school has pupils below compulsory school age, a programme of activities which is appropriate to their educational needs in relation to personal, social, emotional and physical development and communication and language skills
  - g. all pupils have the opportunity to learn and make progress, no matter their needs
  - h. effective preparation of pupils for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of life in British society.
  - i. committed to teaching the new RSE curriculum to support child development and promote pupil voice.

## Aims

3. Our aim is to fulfil the potential of each child in our care by offering a broad-based curriculum, including extra-curricular activities, which facilitate the acquisition of knowledge and skills to equip pupils for the future as active, confident and responsible members of society

## Broad based curriculum

4. The school places a strong emphasis on providing a broad curriculum. Specialist teachers teach computing, sport, music and French from the EYFS, with art, drama and design and technology taught by a specialist. There is also a strong emphasis on learning support, with comprehensive school screening systems to enable children with difficulties to be diagnosed and helped at an early stage. An extensive programme of extra-curricular activities is provided each term from Reception to Year 6, which further enhances the children's experience.
5. A schedule of trips and residential visits supports learning beyond the classroom and the school also recognises that outdoor education offers pupils unique opportunities and experiences. Trips are arranged each term in order to enhance the curriculum and bring it to life; visitors are also invited to the school to lead workshops on a range of topics from Shakespeare to the Ancient Greeks. Wherever possible, teachers incorporate cross-curricular links into their lessons, and speaking and listening skills form a core part of the curriculum.
6. In devising a suitable curriculum for the children, the school pays regard to the National Curriculum, together with the requirements of future secondary schools. The curriculum followed is based on the National Curriculum but is more extensive; it also aims to prepare children for the 11+ level entry for its own senior school and other local schools where appropriate. For children in the Nursery and Reception years the school follows the Statutory Framework for the Early Years Foundation Stage.
7. The curriculum offered gives children the opportunity to achieve the highest possible standards of maths and English whilst ensuring they can also become confident in physical, artistic, practical and social skills.

## Organisation

8. The curriculum is organised into three stages.

**Early Years Foundation Stage: Age 3 – 5 (Nursery and Reception)**

Key Stage One: Age 5 – 7 (Year 1 and Year 2)

Key Stage Two: Age 7 – 11 (Years 3, 4, 5 and 6)

## Curriculum Subjects

### 9. Early Years Foundation Stage (see also EYFS Policy)

The EYFS curriculum is shaped by the seven areas of learning outlined in the EYFS Statutory Framework

- Communication and language
- Physical development
- Personal, social and emotional development
- Literacy
- Mathematics
- Understanding the world
- Expressive arts and design

### 10. Key Stage One and Key Stage Two

Areas of learning include:

- Mathematics (set into ability groups in Year 6)
- English (set into ability groups in Year 6, whilst in Year 5 there may be mixed ability groups with 'targeted support').
- Science
- History
- Geography
- Religious Education
- Personal, Social Health and Education - with the updated RSE curriculum
- Physical Education
- Art
- Steam
- Music
- French
- Drama

These will be taught via a variety of lesson combinations and with a creative focus and cross curricular links.

11. The Head and senior leadership team (SLT), when devising the timetable, ensure that the balance of subjects and the time allocated for each subject is appropriate.

12. The teaching of Maths and English is a key focus throughout and where possible the timetable is constructed to allow for some physical activity, e.g., P.E., games, gym, drama, to take place every day.

## Planning

13. Curriculum planning involves all members of the teaching staff within EYFS and Key Stages 1 & 2 to ensure there is progression and continuity in learning as each child passes through the school.

14. The curriculum planning process is organised into three steps:

- I. Schemes of work, together with (and where necessary) knowledge organisers and knowledge tests, are drawn up for each subject area, in conjunction with the SLT
- II. Medium-term plans (termly) for each subject area are written by form teachers and specialist teachers, making reference to the schemes of work and using resources that enable the lesson content to be defined concisely
- III. Short-term plans (weekly and daily) are drawn up on a weekly basis by form teachers and specialist teachers, making reference to the medium-term plans and using resources that enable the lesson content to be differentiated and defined in more detail.

## Monitoring

15. Evaluation of teaching and planning is essential for the development of both the curriculum and teaching practice. Subject coordinators, where appropriate, are required to check both the planning and delivery of their subjects across the school, a process which may adopt the following forms.

I. work scrutiny

II. Peer observation

III. Scrutiny of lesson plans

IIII. Medium-term planning checks ascertain the extent to which the planning adheres to the defined content for a particular unit, the extent to which there is parity of opportunity and also of exposure to both content and knowledge between classes, and the extent to which differentiation and or extension is enabled

SLT, in their line-managing capacities, will ensure the quality of curriculum and teaching standards by also conducting informal lesson observations, learning walks and lesson 'drop-ins', together with the checking of planning

Overall responsibility for the school curriculum is taken by the Head.

Assessment (See also Assessment, Recording & Reporting Policy)

16. The school relies upon a wide range of assessment forms in order to gain an insight into each child's current and potential academic capacities. Underlying verbal, non-verbal and quantitative and spatial reasoning abilities are assessed in through CAT tests, whilst a battery of other online and adaptive assessment forms, including NGRT and AI generated assessments, provide further data and context. Written papers are also completed in English and maths, whilst Knowledge Tests in subjects such as science and French also provide a snapshot of learning.

The logging and subsequent analysis of formal assessment data for English and maths is facilitated by the use of google sheets in the Assessment Folder on Sharepoint.